AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently amended) A method for the treatment of an extravascular hematoma or blood clot in a subject, comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a thrombolytic agent, wherein the thrombolytic agent is tissue plasminogen activator (t-PA) or recombinant tissue plasminogen activator (rt-PA), and the t-PA or the rt-PA is administered in doses of 0.1 mg, 0.5 mg, 0.75 mg, 1 mg, or 1.5 mg doses, thereby preventing or treating the extravascular hematoma or blood clot.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the blood clot is associated with intraventricular hemorrhage.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the blood clot is further associated with intracerebral hemorrhage.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, where in the blood clot is associated with subarachnoid hemorrhage.
 - 5-6. (Canceled)
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the thrombolytic agent is administered in conjunction with external ventricular drainage (EVD).
- 8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the thrombolytic agent is first administered between about 12-24 hours after diagnosis of intraventricular hemorrhage, intracerebral hemorrhage, and/or subarachnoid hemorrhage.
- 9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the thrombolytic agent is first administered about 24-48 hours after diagnosis of intraventricular hemorrhage, intracerebral hemorrhage, and/or subarachnoid hemorrhage.

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- 10. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, further comprising performing computed tomography (CT) scans at intervals of about 6-24 hours to monitor blood clot size and/or monitor whether bleeding is occurring.
- 11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the thrombolytic agent is administered about every 4 hours.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the thrombolytic agent is administered about every 6 hours.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the thrombolytic agent is administered about every 8 hours.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the thrombolytic agent is administered at least every 10 hours.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the thrombolytic agent is administered at least every 12 hours.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein administration of the thrombolytic agent is stopped when the blood clot size is about 80% of its original size.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the blood clot reaches 80% of its original size about 3 days after the first administration of the thrombolytic agent.

18-21. (Canceled)

- 22. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the t-PA or the rt-PA is administered in doses of 0.1 mg.
 - 23. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the subject is a human subject.